AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

<u>Listing of Claims:</u>

1. (Previously Presented) A production method for producing a light-emitting device in which a light-emitting layer at least including an n-type semiconductor layer and a p-type semiconductor layer is layered on a transparent crystal substrate, comprising:

applying a silicon organic solvent to at least a part of the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer to form a transfer layer on at least a part of the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer;

softening or setting said transfer layer upon supplying an energy thereto;

pressing a mold formed with a minute unevenness structure against the transfer layer to transfer the minute unevenness structure to an outer surface of the transfer layer under a pressure of 5 MPa or higher and 150 MPa or lower; and

dry etching the transfer layer with a chlorine gas using the transfer layer as a resist mask to form a minute unevenness structure for preventing multiple reflection in the transparent crystal substrate or the light-emitting layer.

2. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein forming the minute unevenness structure in the light-emitting layer includes separating the transparent crystal substrate from the light-emitting layer after a substrate bearing layer is formed on a surface of the light-emitting layer where electrodes are to be formed.

- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Currently amended) A production method according to claim 1, wherein forming the minute unevenness structure for preventing the multiple reflection in the light-emitting layer includes pressing a the mold having has an upper flat portion to be located near the bottoms a bottom of the minute unevenness structure to be transferred for preventing the multiple reflection and a lower flat portion to be located at a position lowered from the upper flat portion by about the a thickness of the an upper semiconductor layer of the light-emitting layer against the transfer layer to transfer an, the upper flat portion and a lower flat portion is transferred together with the minute unevenness structure to the transfer layer[[,]]; and forming electrode-forming portions by etching the upper and lower semiconductor layers of the light-emitting layer when dry etching is carried out using the transfer layer as a resist mask.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 4, wherein the etching comprises adjusting a selection ratio of the etching speed of the light-emitting layer to that of the resist from twofold to fourfold.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 5, wherein applying the silicon organic solvent to form the transfer layer comprises applying the silicon organic solvent by potting or spray coating.
- 7. (Canceled)

- 8. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 6, comprising forming an unevenness structure larger than the minute unevenness structure on the minute unevenness structure of the light-emitting layer after forming the minute unevenness structure for preventing the multiple reflection in the light-emitting layer.
- 9. (Original) A production method according to claim 8, wherein the unevenness structure has the shape of a prism or microlens.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the etching comprises adjusting a selection ratio of the etching speed of the light-emitting layer to that of the resist from twofold to fourfold.
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, comprising forming an unevenness structure larger than the minute unevenness structure on the minute unevenness structure of the light-emitting layer after forming the minute unevenness structure for preventing the multiple reflection in the light-emitting layer.
- 13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Previously Presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein applying the silicon organic solvent to form the transfer layer comprises applying the silicon organic solvent by potting or spray coating.
- 15. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the silicon organic solvent comprises:

an alcohol, an ester, a ketone or a mixture of two or more of an alcohol, an ester, and a ketone, and

a silicon alkoxide component, $R_n \mathrm{Si}(OH)_{4\text{-}n}$, where R is H or alky group, and n is an integer of 0 to 3.

- 16. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 15, wherein the silicon organic solvent contains TEOS or TMOS.
- 17. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the silicon organic solvent is applied at a thickness of 2 μ m or greater.
- 18. (Previously presented) A production method according to claim 1, wherein the method further comprises post-baking the transfer layer at or below 120°C after the minute unevenness structure is transferred to the transfer layer.